PUBLIC MEETING

FLOOD MITIGATION PROJECT - 30% Design

DATE: SEPTEMBER 9, 2025

START TIME: 6-7:30 PM

LOCATION: DORCHESTER COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY,

CAMBRIDGE BRANCH, MEETING ROOM

Thank you for joining us!





WELCOME



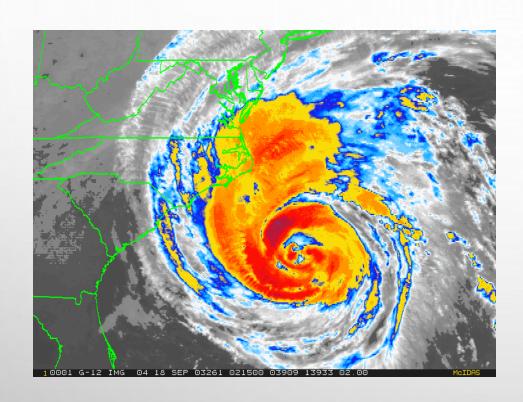


FLOOD MITIGATION PROJECT UPDATE

LARRY WHITE, PROJECT MANAGER

- PROJECT TEAM
- DESIGN STATUS SINCE PRELIMINARY ALIGNMENT PUBLIC MEETING
- OVERALL SCHEDULE AND FUNDING
- TODAY WE ARE REVIEWING AND REQUESTING FEEDBACK ON OUR 30 PERCENT DESIGN
- BENEFIT-COST ANALYSIS

UMCES ASSESSMENT OF IMPACTS OF ISABEL-LIKE STORMS ON CAMBRIDGE IN 2050 and 2100 WITH HIGHER SEA LEVEL





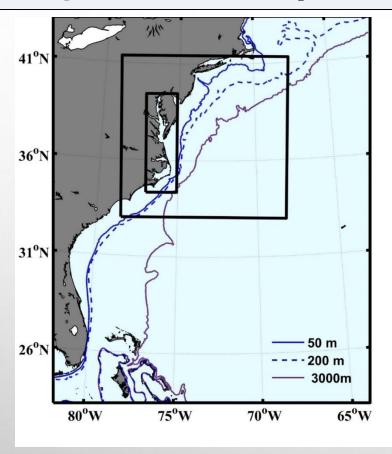
Zhang & Li (2019, JGR) Li et al. (2020, Nat. Haz.)



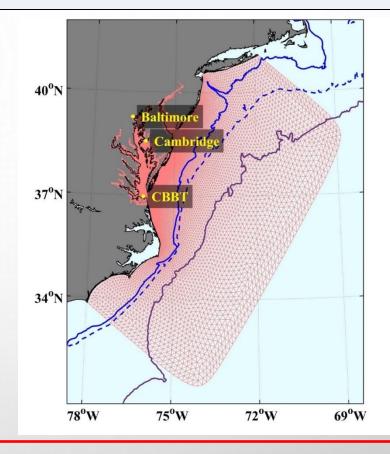
Flooding in Washington D.C., Baltimore, Annapolis, Eastern Shore of MD etc.



Regional Atmosphere (WRF)-Ocean (FVCOM) Models

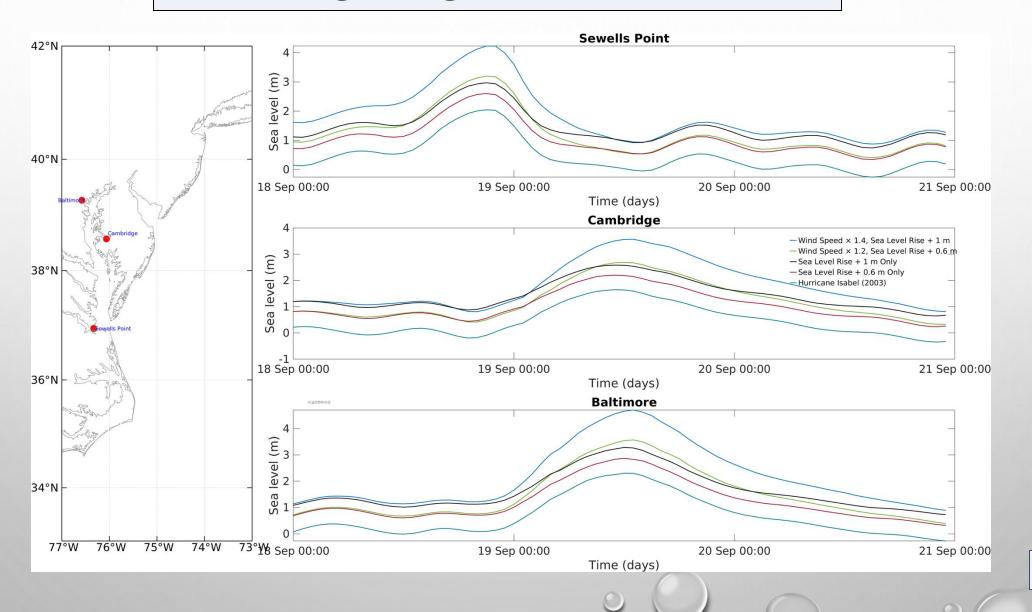


Weather Research Forecasting Model
Triply nested domain: 12, 4 and 1.3 km
40 sigma levels
Forced by GFS outputs at lateral boundary
Forced by SST at ocean surface



Finite Volume Coastal Ocean Model
200-500 m resolution in estuaries
1 – 10 km resolution on the shelf
2D barotropic mode
Forced by WRF winds and air pressure
Forced by iides at open boundary

Storm surge height in 2075 and 2100



AGENDA

- 30% Design: Embankment and Living Shoreline Anna Johnson, PE, CC-P, Project Engineer, BayLand Consultants & Designers, Inc.
- 30% Design Stormwater Management Megan Barniea, P.E., Senior Project Manager, BayLand Consultants & Designers, Inc.
- Living Shoreline and Habitat Enhancements Dr. Kenneth Rose, Horn Point Laboratory, University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science

NOTE: SLIDES ARE NUMBERED FOR REFERENCE — USE FOR Q&A SESSION AT THE END OF THE PRESENTATIONS

HOLD QUESTIONS UNTIL END - TAKE OF NOTE OF SLIDE #S

30% DESIGN REVIEW

- 1. AUGUST 2025 STAKEHOLDER GROUP MEETING, WHICH INCLUDES STATE AND FEDERAL AGENCY REPRESENTATIVES TO REVIEW THE DRAFT 30% DESIGN AND PROVIDE FEEDBACK.
- 2. AGENCY REVIEW JULY THRU SEPTEMBER 2025 US ARMY CORP. OF ENGINEER, CENTER FOR WATERSHED PROTECTION, UMCES
- 3. SEPTEMBER 2025 30% DESIGN PUBLIC OUTREACH SESSION

30% DESIGN – EMBANKMENT AND LIVING SHORELINE

ANNA JOHNSON, PE, CC-P

PROJECT ENGINEER

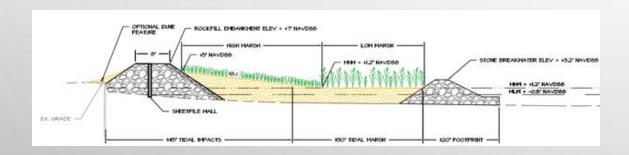
BAYLAND CONSULTANTS & DESIGNERS, INC.



EMBANKMENT + LIVING SHORELINE

PROPOSED FLOOD PROTECTION INCLUDES AN EMBANKMENT AND LIVING

SHORELINE:

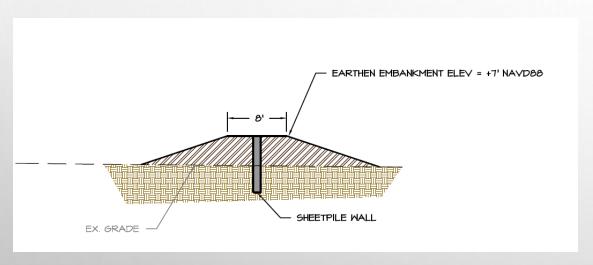






EMBANKMENT DESIGN

• EARTHEN EMBANKMENT:

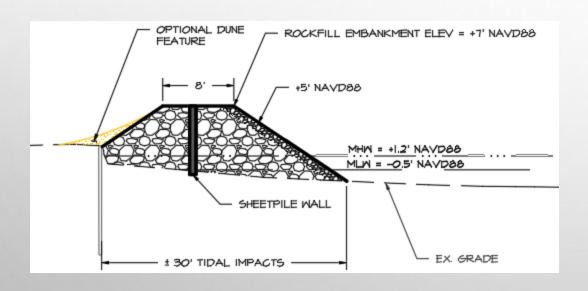






EMBANKMENT DESIGN

ROCKFILL EMBANKMENT







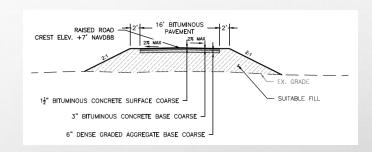


EMBANKMENT DESIGN

ROAD RAISING AS EMBANKMENT







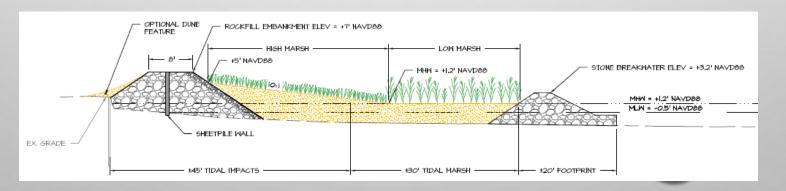


LIVING SHORELINE DESIGN

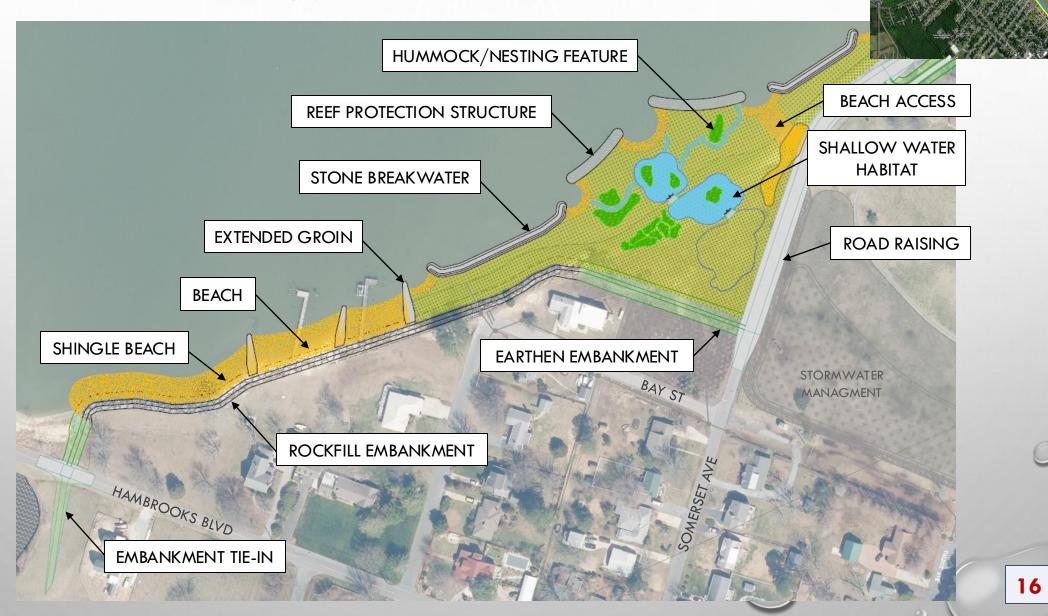








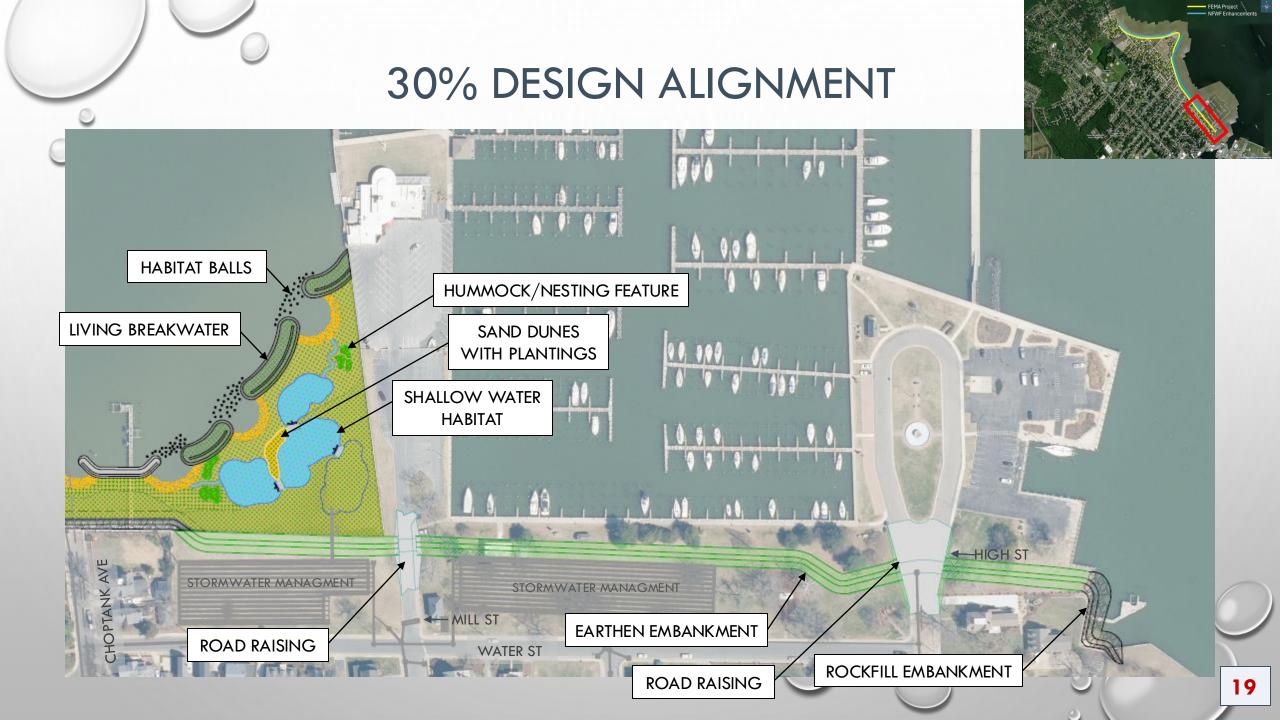






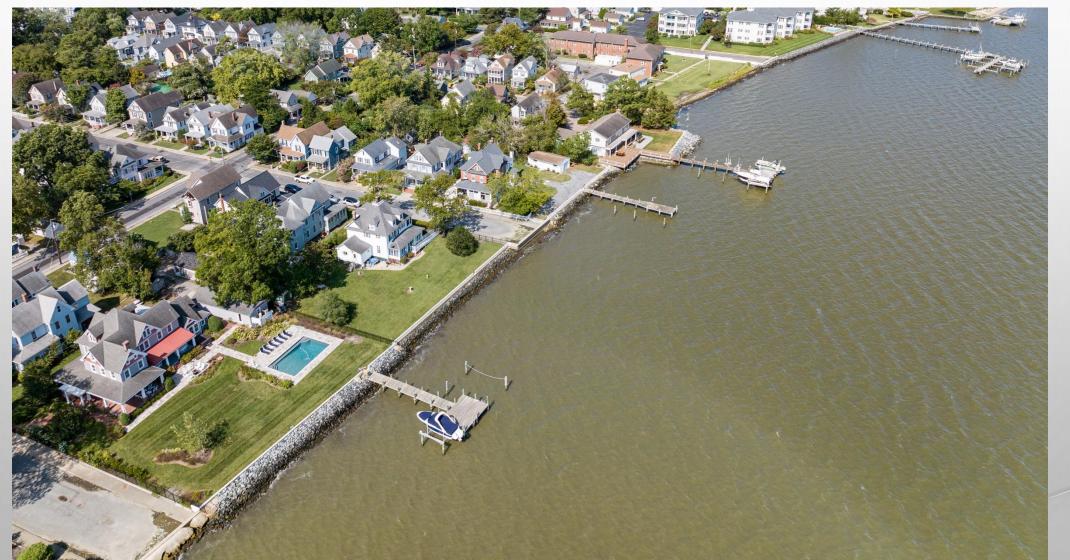






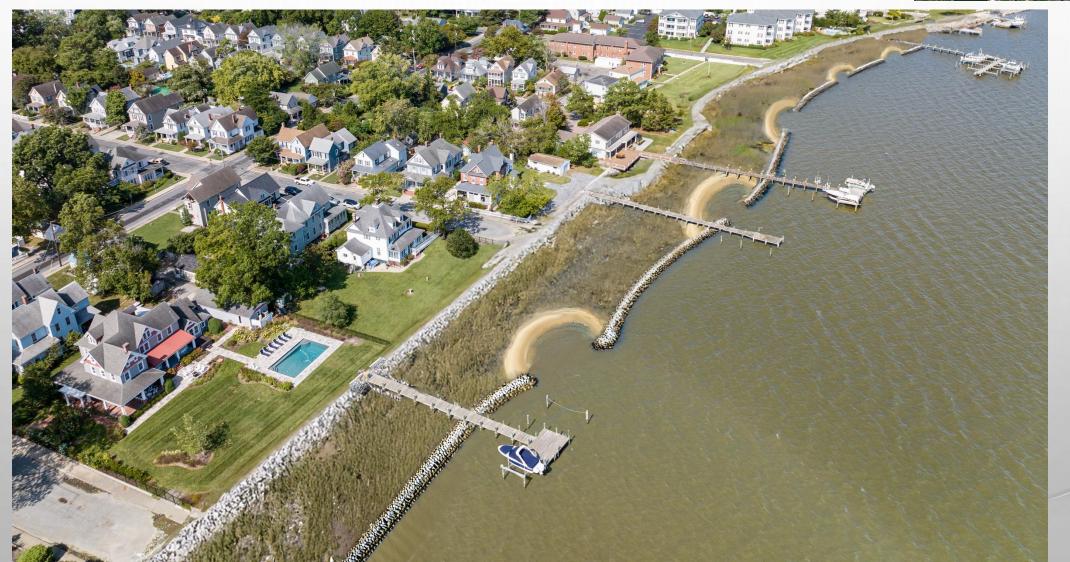
30% DESIGN ALIGNMENT - BEFORE





30% DESIGN ALIGNMENT - AFTER





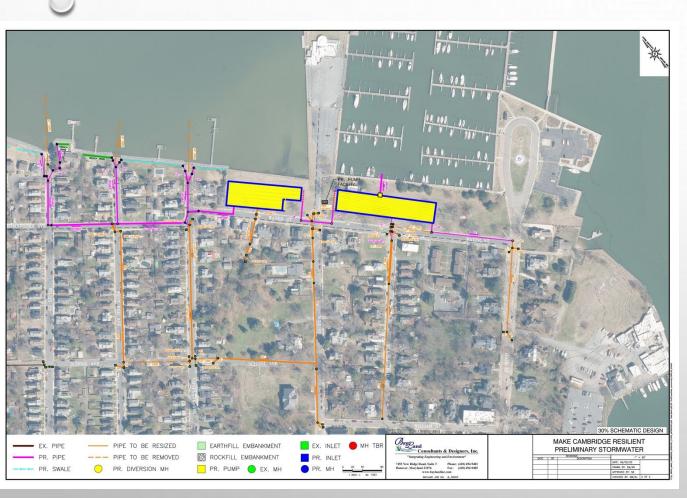
30% DESIGN STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

MEGAN BARNIEA, P.E.

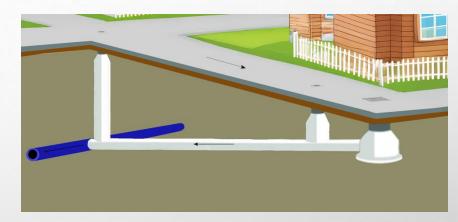
SENIOR PROJECT MANAGER

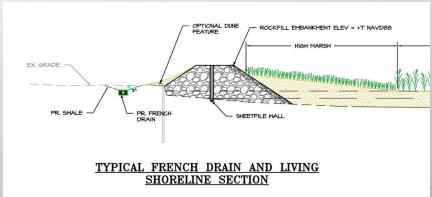


BAYLAND CONSULTANTS & DESIGNERS, INC.



 MAXIMIZE GRAVITY FLOW AND STORAGE WITHIN THE SYSTEM TO MINIMIZE PUMPING





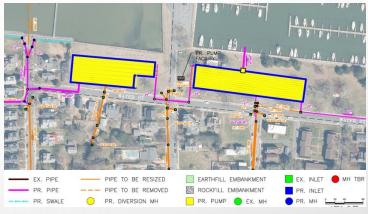


WATER STREET –
EXISTING CONDITIONS

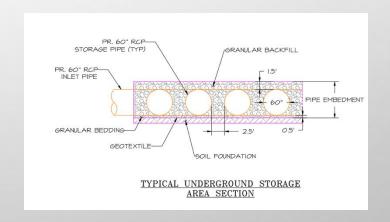
WATER STREET — WITH EARTHEN EMABNKMENT

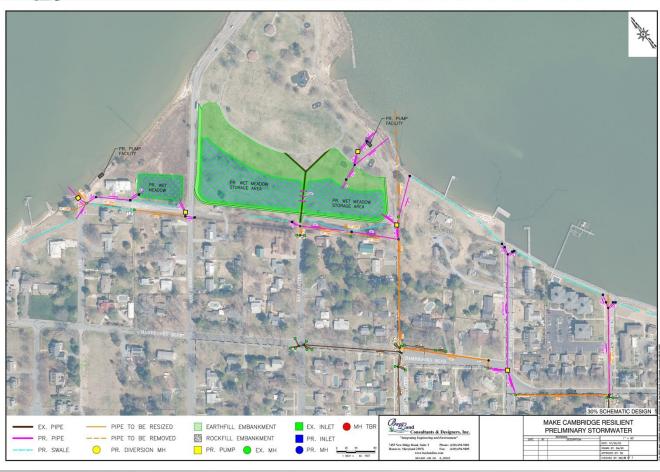


- UNDERGROUND STORAGE AREAS
 - INCLUDE STORAGE PIPES WITH STONE BEDDING
 - DRAIN VIA GRAVITY FOR SMALLER RAINFALL EVENTS
 - PUMP STATION KICK ON FOR LARGER STORM EVENTS
 - TIDE GATE INSTALLED AT GRAVITY OUTFALL
- PUMP STATIONS
 - LOCATED IN UNDERGROUND WET WELLS
 - PUMP STATIONS DISCHARGE OVER EARTHEN BERMS
 - CONTROL PANELS AND BACKUP GENERATOR SCREENED WITH FENCE ENCLOSURE



LONG WHARF PARK





OAKELY STREET, BELVEDERE AVENUE, GERRY BOYLE PARK

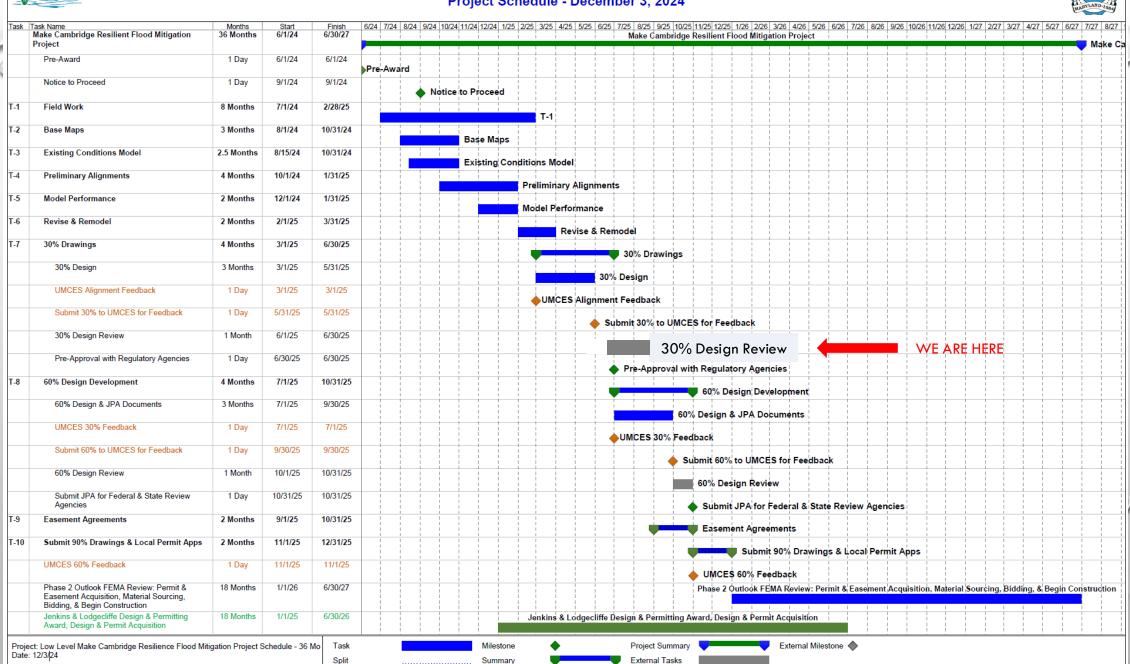
- NEW MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE WITHIN HAMBROOKS AVENUE TO DIRECT ALL RUNOFF INTO GERRY BOYLE PARK STORMWATER FACILITY VIA GRAVITY AND PUMPING
- EXTENDED DETENTION WETLAND POND TO PROVIDE WATER QUALITY AND HABITAT ENHANCEMENT
- RUNOFF FROM OAKLEY STREET AND WEST WILL DISCHARGE INTO POND VIA GRAVITY AND PUMPING
- MET WITH PARK USERS (GENERAL PUBLIC, IRONMAN EAGLE, CAMBRIDGE POWERBOAT RACING ASSOCIATION)





Make Cambridge Resilient Flood Mitigation Project Project Schedule - December 3, 2024





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UMCES MODELING & DATA

WILLIAM NARDIN LIMIN SUN

Dr. Kenneth Rose, Horn Point Laboratory, University Of Maryland Center For Environmental Science



DELFT3D-SWAN



• PROCESSES:

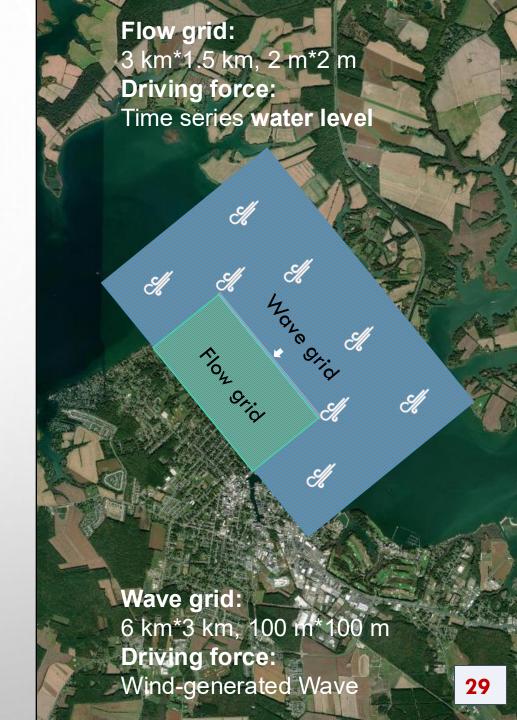
- FLOWS, WAVES, SEDIMENT TRANSPORT
- WATER QUALITY DYNAMICS
- VEGETATION FORCING
- INFRASTRUCTURE (LIVING SHORELINE, EMBANKMENT)
- COUPLED WITH STORM SURGE MODELING

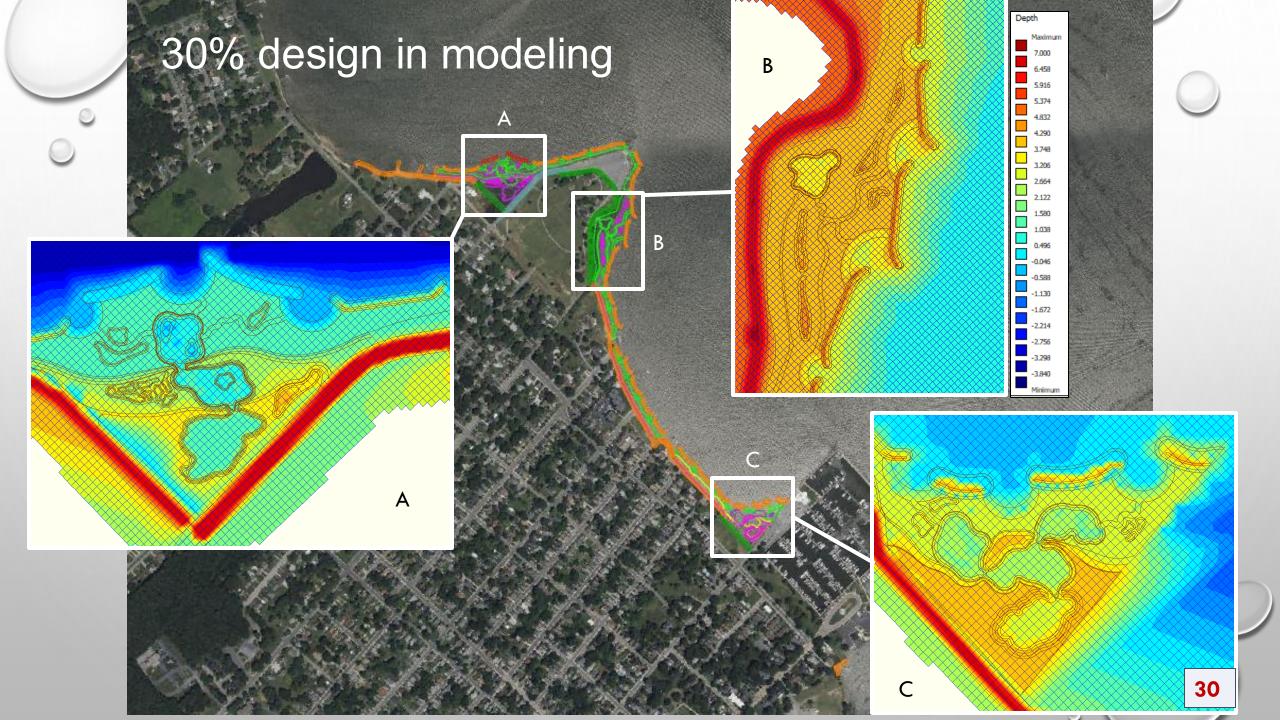
• OUTPUTS:

- WAVE ENERGY
- EROSION/DEPOSITION
- SEDIMENT CONCENTRATIONS
- INUNDATION
- WATER QUALITY AND TEMPERATURE

PROJECTIONS WITHOUT AND WITH:

- PROJECT
- STORMS
- SEA LEVEL RISE





LIVING SHORELINE AND HABITAT ENHANCEMENTS

Dr. Kenneth Rose, Horn Point Laboratory, University Of Maryland Center For Environmental Science



NATIONAL COASTAL RESILIENCE FUND

INVESTS IN NATURE-BASED SOLUTIONS THAT PROTECT COASTAL COMMUNITIES WHILE ENHANCING HABITATS FOR FISH AND WILDLIFE



National Coastal Resilience Fund 2024 City of Cambridge Habitat Restoration and Green Stormwater Management





66

"We absolutely want to do more engineering with nature everywhere we work across the Corps, you have my commitment."

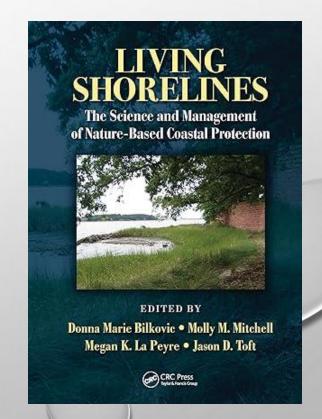
LTG SCOTT A. SPELLMON, 55TH CHIEF OF ENGINEERS, AND COMMANDING GENERAL U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION & INFRASTRUCTURE, WATER RESOURCES SUBCOMMITTEE (24 JUNE 2021)



Annual Review of Marine Science

Performance Evaluation of Natural and Nature-Based Features for Coastal Protection and Co-Benefits

Matthew A. Reidenbach,¹ Ming Li,² Kenneth A. Rose,² Tori Tomiczek,³ James Morris,⁴ Cindy M. Palinkas,² Lorie W. Staver,² William Nardin,² Matthew W. Gray,² Serena B. Lee,⁵ Ariana E. Sutton-Grier,⁶ and Amy M. Hruska⁷

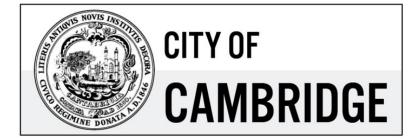


Engineered Natural features NNBF

- Immediate and predictable storm surge protection
- Infrastructure defense for urban areas
- Engineered to withstand extreme events
- Requires regular maintenance (not self-maintaining)

- Coastal flood protection
- Erosion reduction
- Habitat to support fisheries and biodiversity
- Long-term sustainability with proper maintenance

- · Wave energy dissipation
- Carbon sequestration and water filtration
- Recreational/tourism opportunities
- Can be less costly to implement than engineered structures
- Adaptable and self-repairing over time in many cases















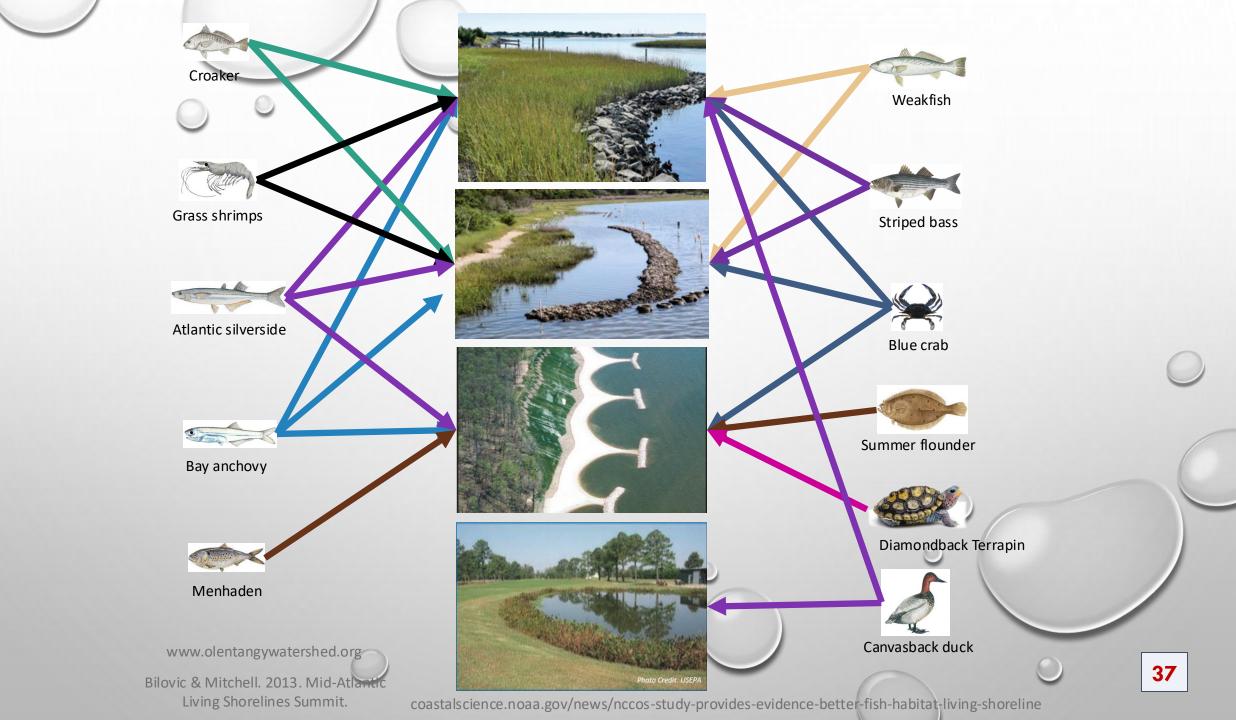




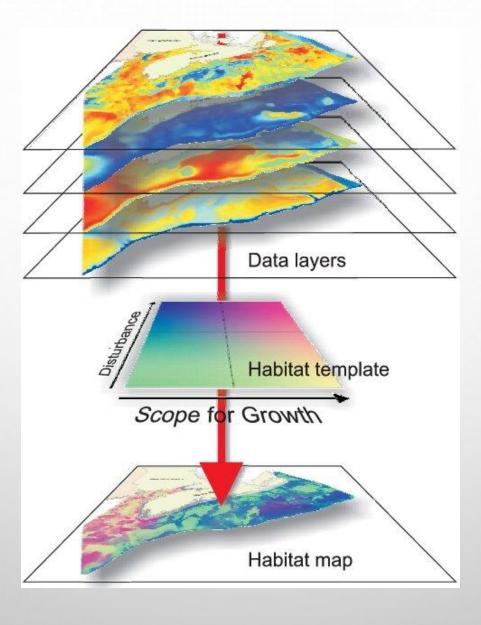
NFWF PROJECT

- COMPLEMENTS THE FEMA PROJECT
- FEMA: HYBRID FLOOD MITIGATION PROJECT WITH LIVING SHORELINE DESIGNED FOR FLOOD PROTECTION
- NFWF:
 - FOCUS ON HABITAT BENEFITS OF LIVING SHORELINE (4-5 KEY AREAS)
 - GREEN SWM PROJECT THAT DISCHARGES TO LS AREA









SOME DESIGN KNOBS

- TIDAL OPENINGS OF ROCK SILL
- SHORE ORIENTATION
- SIZE AND DEPTH OF ROCK SILL
- RIP-RAP AND BREAKWATERS AT THE TOE OF LS
- VEGETATION DENSITY AND SEASONALITY
 ON MARSH
- SLOPE OF THE VEGETATION BED
- LOCATION AND 3-D SHAPE OF OYSTER REEFS

SPECIES LISTS



Abundant (or special) species by habitat type

Habitats now

Living shoreline (projected habitats)

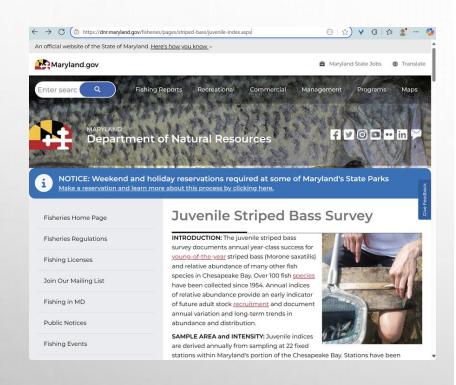


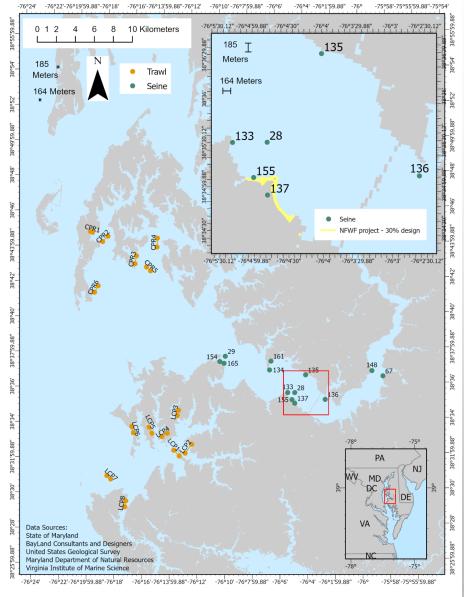
Stakeholders



Permitting and agencies

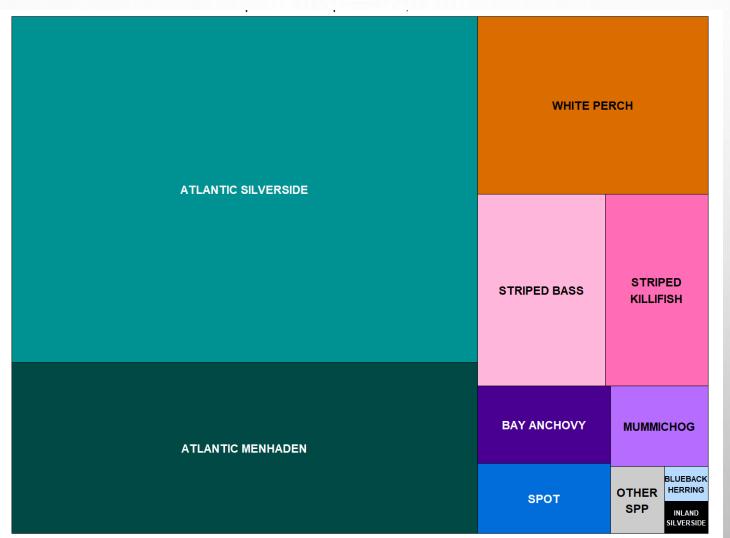
COMMUNITY STRUCTURE







COMMUNITY STRUCTURE



42

LESS COMMON SPECIES

0.01 - 0.34% OF TOTAL CATCH FROM 1990-2024

THREADFIN SHAD SHEEPSHEAD MINNOW	87 86	0.03		INSHORE LIZARDFISH	17	0.01
NORTHERN PIPEFISH	114	0.03		WHITE CATFISH	18	0.01
BLUEFISH	136	0.04		CARP	19	0.01
BANDED KILLIFISH	150	0.04		YELLOW PERCH	20	0.01
ROUGH SILVERSIDE	165	0.05		HICKORY SHAD	24	0.01
GIZZARD SHAD	211	0.06		COWNOSE RAY	26	0.01
ATLANTIC CROAKER	248	0.07		SPOTTED SEATROUT	27	0.01
SUMMER FLOUNDER	305	0.09		UNKNOWN CYPRINID	35	0.01
STRIPED ANCHOVY	365	0.11		HOGCHOKER	42	0.01
ALEWIFE	377	0.11		CHANNEL CATFISH	64	0.02
ATLANTIC NEEDLEFISH	667	0.20	SILVERY MINNOW		70	0.02

Rare Species

<0.01% of total catch from 1990-2024; ≤ 16 observations

HARVESTFISH	16	WINTER FLOUNDER	4
AMERICAN EEL	14	DUSKY PIPEFISH	3
HALFBEAK	13	RAINWATER KILLIFISH	3
NORTHERN PUFFER	11	ATLANTIC THREAD HERRING	2
SKILLETFISH	11	BLACK DRUM	2
STRIPED BASS, HATCHERY	10	BLUE CATFISH	2
WEAKFISH	8	STRIPED BLENNY	2
NAKED GOBY	7	NORTHERN KINGFISH	1
SOUTHERN KINGFISH	6	RED DRUM	1
BLUEGILL	5	SILVER PERCH	1
FOURSPINE STICKLEBACK	5	SPANISH MACKEREL	1
PUMPKINSEED	5	SPOTTAIL SHINER	1
STRIPED MULLET	5		

Square meters of suitable-weighted habitat

		Now (Losses)			With Living Shoreline (Gains)						
Species	Stage	Open	Bulk- head	Shore rip-rap	SAV	Marsh	Protected open	Beach	Offshore Rip-rap	Oyster	Pond

Area x Suitability of each cell, summed over cells in Delft3D grid

- (a) Region altered by living shoreline (losses)
- (b) Region influenced by the living shoreline (gains)

Plus,

Screen stormwater discharge into living shoreline Screen for adequate connectivity Assess resilience of living shoreline and its habitats



FIELD SAMPLING - NFWF

- BEACH SEINES THE SAME WAY AS DNR SO CAN COMPARE TO THEIR 20+ YEARS OF DATA
- WITHIN PROJECT FOOTPRINT
- GOPRO TRANSECTS TO LOOK AT VIABILITY OF OYSTERS

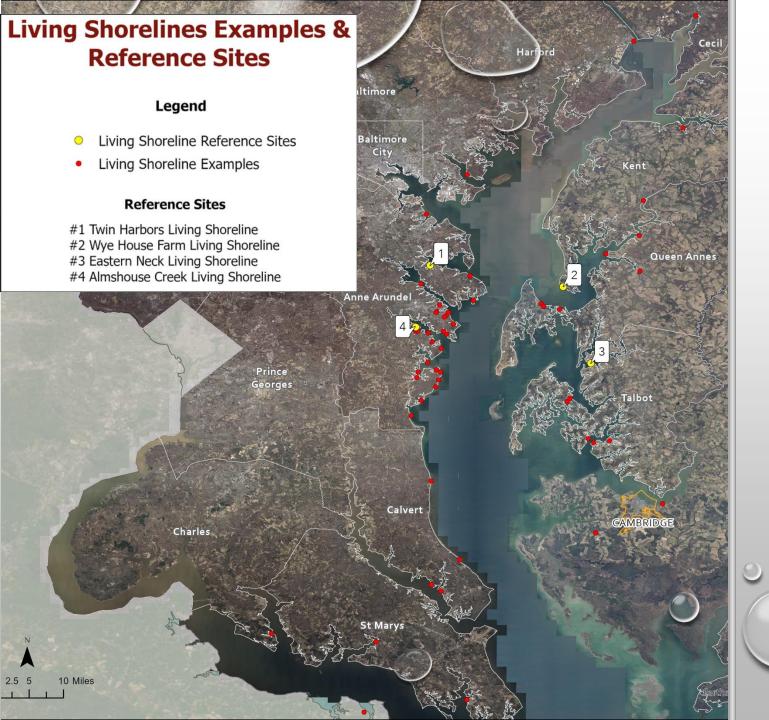
NEXT AND LATER

NEXT

- ONE (AVERAGE) YEAR
- HABITAT MODELS FOR 3 SPECIES-STAGES
- INITIAL HABITAT PERFORMANCE OF 30% DESIGN
- SPECIES LISTS
 - MD SURVEYS
 - NEW HABITATS FROM LS
- INITIAL FIELD SAMPLING (SEPT)
 - TEST SEINE (LIKE DNR) AND GOPRO
 - OYSTERS PRESENT, HEALTHY, REPRO
 - FISH (CONFIRM DNR SURVEYS)

AFTER NEXT

- ADD MORE YEARS
- EXPAND TO 6-9 SPECIES-STAGES
- EXAMINE PERFORMANCE OF DESIGN OPTIONS
- SCREEN STORMWATER DISCHARGE
 - TRACER IN DELFT3D
- SCREEN CONNECTIVITY (PTM) AND RESILIENCE (10 YRS, STORMS)
- FIELD SAMPLING
 - JULY AND AUGUST



LIVING SHORELINES EXAMPLES & REFERENCE SITES

Requested From Previous Public
Outreach Sessions – Elements of the
Cambridge Flood Mitigation Project
included in reference sites – see
handout.

LIVING SHORELINE REFERENCE SITES

















#4 ALMSHOUSE CREEK LIVING

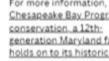
SHORELINE SHORE DR. EDGEWATER.

MD 21037 (ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY)

#1 TWIN HARBORS LIVING SHORELINE 181 BAYBOURNE DR. ARNOLD, MD 21012 (ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY)

Faced with a failing bulkhead, the community worked with South River Federation to replace approximately 390 linear feet of existing bulkhead with a living shoreline along Mill Creek of the Magothy River. Additionally, this project includes a 4,200 square foot bioretention facility located between a parking lot and the shoreline to capture runoff, as well as 0.25 acres of voluntary reforestation. A dense native planting and use of woody debris helped achieve new habitat zones to support a variety of Bay flora and fauna

For more information, visit Chesapeake Bay Trust Project Highlight: Twin Harbors Living Shoreline



#2 WYE HOUSE FARM LIVING SHORELINE 26080 BRUFFS ISLAND RD. EASTON, MD 21601 (TALBOT COUNTY)

The Tilghman family has owned 1,200 acres of land that is home to miles of shoreline on the Wye River, Lloyds Creek and Shaw Bay and the property is losing acres each year. The family has been working on building living shorelines to protect their fields and the Bay. The site has been used as a demonstration for education and outreach and has Interpretive signs that were installed on site. A brochure, open house visits and workshops are tools that have been used to share information about this living shoreline.

For more information, visit: Chesapeake Bay Program With generation Maryland family holds on to its historic property

#3 EASTERN NECK LIVING SHORELINE EASTERN NECK ISLAND RD. ROCK HALL. MD 21661 (KENT COUNTY)

The Eastern Neck Living Shoreline refers to a restoration project at the Eastern Neck National Wildlife Refuge in Rock Hall, Maryland, that uses a combination of engineered structures and natural materials to protect the shoreline from erosion and enhance habitat for wildlife. The project involves building artificial breakwaters, creating oyster reefs and marsh grass plantings to stabilize the banks and provide habitat for fish, birds, and other species.

For more information, visit, **USACE Eastern Neck** Wildlife Refuse Public Notice

There are 3 separate living shoreline projects located along Shore Drive. Each one involved London Towne Property Owner's Association obtaining funding to create living shorelines along approximately 1,400 linear feet of severely eroding shorelines. The

projects included constructing segmented stone sills filled with sand and planted with native wetland vegetation. For more information, visit:

NOAA Fisheries Living Shorelines -Site 1: Almshouse Creek Living Shoreline Site 2: Londontowne Phase 4 Living Shoreline Site 3: Almshouse Creek Living Shoreline

HANDOUT

SEE QR CODES FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON EACH REFERENCE SITE





Q & A SESSION

NOTE: REFER TO SLIDE # AND WE WILL DISPLAY SPECIFIC SLIDE FOR YOUR REFERENCE



- MEETING PRESENTATION POSTED TO PROJECT WEBSITE
- AGENCY REVIEW & COMMENT
- 60% DESIGN LATE FALL/WINTER